

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF GEORGIA  
VALDOSTA DIVISION**

UNITED STATES,	:	
	:	
v.	:	CASE NO.: 7:20-cr-57 (WLS)
	:	
JACOB ANTHONY GUTHRIE,	:	
	:	
Defendant.	:	
	:	

**ORDER**

Before the Court is the Parties' Joint Motion for Continuance and Extension of the Speedy Trial Deadline, filed September 20, 2021. (Doc. 44.) Therein the Parties move to continue trial in this case, which is currently scheduled to begin in November 2021, and an extension of the Speedy Trial Deadline to the next term of Court in the Valdosta Division. The Parties request a continuance and extension as they are awaiting the transcript of a hearing on Defendant's Motion to Suppress Evidence (Doc. 26), held before this Court on June 8, 2021. It is the Parties belief that Defendant's Motion to Suppress Evidence will be dispositive in this case if granted. (Doc. 44 at 2.) For the reasons below, the Motion (*Id.*) is **GRANTED**.

The Speedy Trial Act permits a district court to grant a continuance of trial so long as the court makes findings that the ends of justice served by ordering a continuance outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial. 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Section 3161(h)(7)(B) provides several factors the Court must consider when granting a continuance. *United States v. Ammar*, 842 F.3d 1203, 1206 (11th Cir. 2016). Among those factors are the likelihood that the lack of a continuance will result in a miscarriage of justice and the likelihood that failure to grant a continuance would deprive the defendant continuity of counsel or reasonable time necessary for effective preparation. 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(B).

The Court finds that the failure to grant a continuance here would likely result in a miscarriage of justice and deprive counsel of reasonable time necessary for effective preparation. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(B)(i) and (iv). Notably, the Parties need additional time to receive the transcript of the hearing, prepare briefs on it and should Defendant's Motion to Suppress be denied, work on alternative solutions or make final preparations for trial.

Accordingly, the Parties' Joint Motion for Continuance and Extension of the Speedy Trial Deadline (Doc. 44) is **GRANTED**. The case is **CONTINUED** to the Valdosta trial term beginning February 7, 2022, unless otherwise ordered by the Court. The Court **ORDERS** that the time from the date of this Order to the conclusion of the February 2022 Trial Term is **EXCLUDED FROM COMPUTATION** under the Speedy Trial Act pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7).

**SO ORDERED**, this 21st day of September 2021.

/s/ W. Louis Sands

**W. LOUIS SANDS, SR. JUDGE**

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**